# Tarantiti TWIN STAGE REGULATOR  

Make sure you are thoroughly trained before you attempt any regulator installation or maintenance. Improper conditions or procedures can cause accidents resulting in property damage and personal injury.

Then Choose Your

## BTULoad

## 100,000 btu/hr.

DISTANCE: 10 feet PIPE SIZE: 1/2" CTS Poly pipe or copper tubing @ 11" water column regulator set pressure

DISTANCE: 35 feet PIPE SIZE: 5/8" copper tubing @ 11" water column regulator set pressure

REGULATOR:
DISTANCE: 100 feet PIPE SIZE: 3/4" IPS Poly pipe @ 11" water column regulator set pressure

LV404B34 $1 / 4$ " X 1/2"

Pigtails, Nuts, Fittings \& Risers

If copper piping is chosen see "Copper Piping" for size \& part number

## 200,000 btu/hr.

DISTANCE: 10 feet
PIPE SIZE: 5/8" copper tubing @ 11" water column regulator set pressure
If copper piping is chosen see "Copper Piping" for size \& part number

## DISTANCE: 50 feet

PIPE SIZE: 3/4" IPS Poly pipe @ 11" water column regulator set pressure


## 300,000 btu/hr.

DISTANCE: 30 feet PIPE SIZE: 3/4" IPS Poly pipe
@ 11" water column regulator set pressure

If copper piping is chosen see "Copper Piping" for size \& part number


## DISTANCE: 70 feet

 PIPE SIZE: 1" IPS Poly pipe @ 11" water column regulator set pressure
## DISTANCE: 20 feet

PIPE SIZE: 1" IPS Poly pipe @ 11" water column regulator set pressure


## Piping \& Tubing Sizing Instructions

This method will assure the selection of the correct sizes of piping and tubing for LPGas vapor systems. Piping between first and second stage regulators is considered, as well as low pressure (inches water column) piping between second stage, single stage, or integral twin stage regulators and appliances.
INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Determine the total gas demand for the system by adding up the BTU/hr input from the appliance nameplates and adding demand as appropriate for future appliances.
2. Second stage or integral twin stage piping:
A. Measure length of piping required from outlet of regulator to the appliance furthest away. No other length is necessary to do the sizing.
B. Make a simple sketch of the piping, as shown.
C. Determine the capacity to be handled by each section of piping. For example, the capacity of the line between A \& B must handle the total demand of appliances A, B, \& C; the capacity of the line from $c$ to $d$ must handle only appliance $B$, etc.
D. Select proper size of tubing or pipe for each section of piping, using values in BTU/hr for the length determined from step \#2-A. If exact length is not on chart, use next longer length. Do not use any other length for this purpose! Simply select the size that shows at least as much capacity as needed for each piping section.
3. For piping between first and second stage regulators
A. For a system with only one second stage regulator, measure length of piping required between outlet of first stage and inlet of second stage regulators. Select piping or tubing required.
B. For systems with multiple second stage regulators, measure length of piping required to reach the second stage regulator that is furthest away. Make a simple sketch, and size each leg of piping using the table using values shown in column corresponding to the length as measured above, same as when handling second stage piping.
See Piping \& Tubing Selection Guide Poster For
Examples and Reference Tables
or Rego's LP-GAS Serviceman's Manual L-545

## PIGTAILS:

| Type | Size | Part \# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times$ POL | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 12^{\prime \prime}$ | $913 \mathrm{JS12}$ |
| $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times$ POL | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 12^{\prime \prime}$ | $912 \mathrm{JS12}$ |
| $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times$ POL | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 55^{\prime \prime}$ | $913 \mathrm{JS05}$ |
| $1 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times$ POL | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 5$ " | $912 \mathrm{JSO5}$ |
| POL $\times$ POL | $3 / 8^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 12^{\prime \prime}$ | 913 PS 12 |
| POL $\times$ POL | $1 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ tube $\times 12^{\prime \prime}$ | 912 PS 12 |


| NUTS: | Size |  | Part \# |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1/2" nut |  | NS4F |
|  | 5/8" nut |  | NS4I |
| FITTINGS | Size |  |  |
|  | MFL | MPT | Part \# |
|  | 1/2" | 1/2" | 48FF |
|  | 5/8" | 1/2" | 48IF |


| RISERS: |
| :--- |
| Type Size Part \# <br> Flex $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ CTS $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ CTS $\times 36^{\prime \prime}$ 71354 <br> Flex $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ CTS $\times 1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ CTS $\times 84^{\prime \prime}$ 71353 <br> Flex $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ IPS $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ IPS $\times 36^{\prime \prime}$ 71410 <br> Flex $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ IPS $\times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ IPS $\times 84^{\prime \prime}$ 71412 <br> Hard $1 "$ IPS $\times 1^{\prime \prime}$ MPT 78442 |

## COPPER TUBING:

| Size | Part \# |
| :---: | :---: |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} 0 D \times 50^{\prime}$ | CCR-1/2 $\times 50$ |
| $1 / 2^{\prime \prime} 0 D \times 100^{\prime}$ | CCR-1/2 $\times 100$ |
| $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} 0 D \times 50^{\prime}$ | CCR- $5 / 8 \times 50$ |
| $5 / 8^{\prime \prime} 0 D \times 100^{\prime}$ | CCR- $5 / 8 \times 100$ |

TABLE 3


